



A family living with hATTR amyloidosis

Hereditary ATTR amyloidosis

A closer look at an inherited condition

What is hereditary ATTR (hATTR) amyloidosis?



hATTR amyloidosis is a rare condition that affects an estimated 50,000 patients worldwide.

It is caused by a gene change (mutation) that affects the function of a protein called transthyretin (TTR), made primarily in the liver.

Individuals with hATTR amyloidosis can have a range of symptoms that may not seem connected. Symptoms can affect several parts of the body, including the nerve (nervous), heart (cardiac), and digestive (gastrointestinal) systems. See page 7 for more information.

When I was diagnosed with hATTR amyloidosis, I worked hard to understand the disease through research and conversations with my doctor. Giving up was not an option.

CECE, *living with hATTR amyloidosis*

How hATTR amyloidosis develops



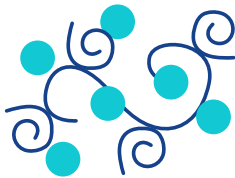
TTR

TTR, a naturally occurring protein made primarily in the liver, helps carry substances such as vitamin A.



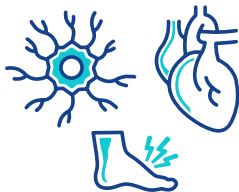
Abnormal TTR

In hATTR amyloidosis, a mutation in the TTR gene can cause the protein to take on an abnormal shape (misfold).



Amyloid deposits

This change in shape causes the protein to gather and build up in various parts of the body such as the nerves, heart, and digestive system. These gathered proteins are called amyloid deposits.



Symptoms of hATTR amyloidosis

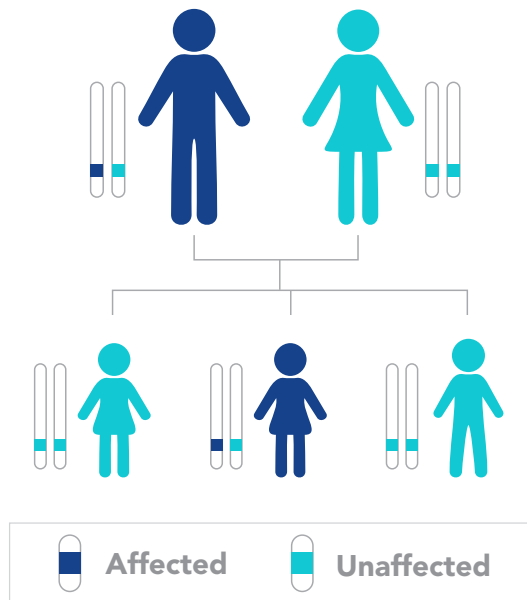
These amyloid deposits cause symptoms of the disease.

How is hATTR amyloidosis inherited?

hATTR amyloidosis is passed down through family members.

If one parent has hATTR amyloidosis, each child will have a 50% chance of inheriting the genetic mutation that causes this condition.

A family member may inherit the TTR gene with a mutation, but that does not necessarily mean he or she will develop hATTR amyloidosis.



Although anyone can be at risk for this disease, it is more common for certain ethnicities, such as people of African American, Portuguese, and Irish descent.

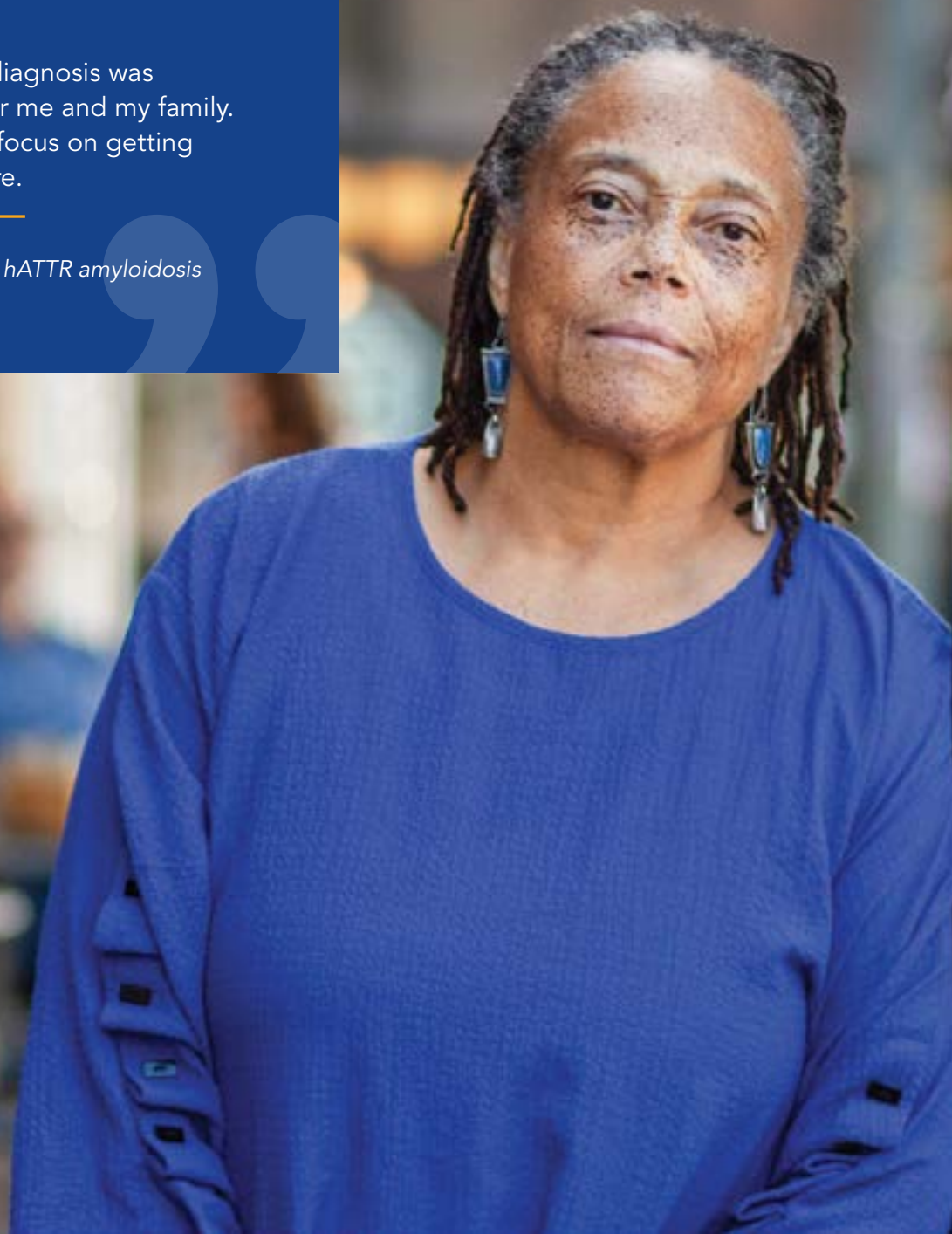
hATTR amyloidosis can be passed down to children, so it's important to understand how it is inherited in families.



RON SR, *living with hATTR amyloidosis*

Receiving the diagnosis was empowering for me and my family. We could now focus on getting appropriate care.

CECE, *living with hATTR amyloidosis*



hATTR amyloidosis can cause a range of symptoms

These symptoms can be **very different** from patient to patient, and even within families, although some see a pattern develop. The age that symptoms appear can range from the **mid-20s to the mid-60s**. Since symptoms of hATTR amyloidosis can become more severe over time, it's important to talk to your doctor about them as soon as possible.

hATTR amyloidosis can affect several parts of the body, including:



The **peripheral nervous system**, which is made up of nerves that branch out from the brain and spinal cord and communicate with the rest of the body, including your arms and legs

- **Nerve damage** in the peripheral nervous system results in improper function



The **cardiac system**, which includes the heart and blood vessels, transports blood through veins and delivers oxygen to cells

- Damage to the heart muscle can lead to **heart failure**



The **autonomic nervous system**, which is made up of nerves that connect the brain and spinal cord to organs such as the heart, stomach, and intestines

- When the autonomic nervous system is not working correctly, it may affect **involuntary bodily functions such as breathing, digestion, and heart rate**

Possible symptoms of hATTR amyloidosis

Symptoms related to nerves in hands, feet, arms, and legs



Tingling

Numbness

Carpal tunnel syndrome

Burning pain

Loss of sensitivity to temperature

Loss of movement control

Weakness

Symptoms related to the heart



Fatigue

Dizziness

Shortness of breath

Leg swelling (edema)

Chest pain

Symptoms related to control over bodily functions



Recurrent urinary tract infections (UTIs)

Excessive sweating

Dizziness upon standing

Sexual dysfunction

Nausea and vomiting

Diarrhea

Severe constipation

Unintentional weight loss



ANGEL, family is living with hATTR amyloidosis

Other symptoms



- Glaucoma
- Blurred or spotty vision
- Floaters in the eye
- Detached retina
- Worsening dementia
- Stroke-like episodes
- Kidney dysfunction

This is not a complete list of symptoms that may be experienced in patients with hATTR amyloidosis. Each patient has a different experience and you may not experience all of these symptoms, or you may not experience them at the same time. Symptoms of hATTR amyloidosis may become more severe over time.

Getting the right diagnosis is key

Misdiagnosis is common with hATTR amyloidosis because the symptoms are similar to those of other conditions. Learning about the symptoms of hATTR amyloidosis can help you identify them if they occur.

Take the next step



If you experience symptoms or become aware of a family history of the disease, speak to your doctor to find out the right action plan. Your doctor may refer you to a physician experienced in managing the disease or to a genetic counselor.

Getting started with genetic counseling



Genetic counselors can help you and your family learn more about the condition as well as your chances of inheriting it and what may happen after a diagnosis. Genetic counselors can help you understand the issues related to genetic testing—from personal risk to possible insurance impact—and can help you determine if a genetic test is right for you.

Managing the condition



There are therapies available for the treatment of hATTR amyloidosis that address the underlying cause of the disease by decreasing the amount of TTR protein that's made in the body. There are also treatments that bind to TTR proteins and help prevent them from forming clusters.

Liver and/or heart transplant is also an option for some patients who meet certain eligibility criteria.

Doctors may prescribe medication to help manage some of the symptoms that may reduce the daily impact on patients.

Additional treatment options for hATTR amyloidosis are currently being researched.

Living with hATTR amyloidosis



When you or your loved ones receive a diagnosis of this inherited condition, it can have a significant impact on your daily life. As a patient, relative, or caregiver, building a solid support network with your family and doctors can relieve some of the potential burden.



Talk to your doctor if you begin to experience symptoms or to learn about treatment options for hATTR amyloidosis.



Get the facts about hATTR amyloidosis

The Bridge® is a program designed to help raise awareness, promote education, and provide valuable tools for patients, their families, and caregivers.

Sources for additional information and assistance

Amyloidosis Support Groups

www.amyloidosisupport.org

Amyloidosis Research Consortium

www.arci.org

Amyloidosis Foundation

www.amyloidosis.org

National Organization for Rare Disorders

www.rarediseases.org

Global Genes

www.globalgenes.org

The Foundation for Peripheral Neuropathy

www.foundationforpn.org

Anylam Act[®]

Anylam Pharmaceuticals is sponsoring no-charge, third-party **genetic testing and counseling** for individuals who may carry gene mutations known to be associated with hATTR amyloidosis.




Genetic testing and counseling may help to:

- Identify risk of disease for patients and their family members
- Shorten the time to diagnosis and prevent misdiagnoses
- Help patients consider clinical trials
- Provide information about support resources such as patient advocacy organizations

While Anylam provides financial support for this program, tests and services are performed by independent third parties. Healthcare professionals must confirm that patients meet certain criteria to use the program. Anylam receives de-identified patient data from this program, but at no time does Anylam receive patient identifiable information. Anylam receives contact information for healthcare professionals who use this program. Genetic testing is available in the U.S. and Canada. Genetic counseling is only available in the U.S. Healthcare professionals who use this program have no obligation to recommend, purchase, order, prescribe, promote, administer, use or support any Anylam product.

Notes

A woman with short brown hair, wearing a red jacket over a black top, is looking upwards and to the right. She is standing outdoors in a wooded area with a wooden railing in the foreground. The background is filled with green trees and sunlight filtering through the leaves.

We must still advocate for ourselves and our entire families to help doctors understand what we have and how to manage this condition.

SUE, family is living with hATTR amyloidosis



Learn more about hATTR amyloidosis
at www.hATTRbridge.com.



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